

Revision 4

Revision Date: 6/20/08

Supercedes:12/15/05

Section 1 • Product and Company Identification

Product Name:	LPS [®] PF [®] Solvent
Part Number:	61400, 61410, 61432, 61401, 61405, 61420 (aerosol), 61455, 61456, C61400, C61410, C61432, C61401, C61405, C61420 (aerosol), C61455, C61456
Chemical Name:	Petroleum Hydrocarbon
Product Use:	A solvent agent designed for removing grease, oil and other residues from metal, power cable and fiber optic cable surfaces.
Manufacturer Information:	LPS Laboratories, 4647 Hugh Howell Rd., Tucker, GA, USA 30084
TEL:	1 770-243-8800
Emergency Telephone Number:	1-800-424-9300 Chemtrec; Outside U.S.: (703) 527-3887
FAX:	1 770-243-8899
Website:	http://www.lpslabs.com

PLAIN LANGUAGE HAZARD SUMMARY

Material Safety Data Sheets can be confusing. Federal and State laws require us to include a great deal of technical information that probably won't help the non-professional. LPS includes this "PLAIN LANGUAGE HAZARD SUMMARY" to address the questions and concerns of the average worker. If you have additional health, safety or product questions, don't hesitate to call us at 800/241-8334.

Worker Toxicity

LPS[®] PF[®] Solvent is designed to remove grease, grime, oil and other oil-based contaminants from a variety of substrates, including automotive and miscellaneous metallic parts. It contains d-limonene and paraffinic hydrocarbons that can be irritating to skin. We suggest you wear gloves and avoid extended exposure to unprotected skin. Don't get it in your eyes (it stings), or breath large amounts of the vapor, (it will dry out your nasal passages and if you breathe large amounts in poorly ventilated areas it can make you dizzy and even sick). Don't spray LPS[®] PF[®] Solvent for extended periods without adequate ventilation. If you're going to perform work involving a lot of product in a poorly ventilated area, use of a respirator or even a self-contained breathing apparatus may be necessary. For more exposure and first aid information, refer to MSDS Sections 2, 8 and 11.

Flammability

LPS[®] PF[®] Solvent aerosol generates a "flame extension" when sprayed into an ignition source (flame, arc, etc.); whereas the bulk fluid has a flash point above 140°F, it is generally safe to use for most industrial applications. Store product away from heat sources and do not spray into live electrical equipment.

Disposal

If you spill LPS[®] PF[®] Solvent, notify the proper environmental or safety department at your company right away. If LPS[®] PF[®] Solvent becomes contaminated with another substance and is rendered unusable for cleaning, the resulting mixture may fall under at least one hazardous classification.



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Section 2 • Hazards Identification

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Emergency Overview:

Aerosol: DANGER: Flammable. Contents under Pressure. Harmful or fatal is swallowed. **Bulk:** DANGER: Combustible Liquid. Harmful or fatal if swallowed.

Primary route(s) of entry: Skin and Eye contact. Inhalation.

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Eyes Irritating to eyes

Skin Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

- Inhalation: Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause irritation of the respiratory tract, nausea, dizziness or headache.
- **Ingestion:** Product has a low order of acute oral toxicity, but ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea, vomiting, and gastrointestinal irritation. May cause injury if aspirated into lungs.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

Carcinogenic Effects: NTP: No IARC: No OSHA: No

Mutagenic Effects: None

Teratogenic Effects: None

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure: Persons with pre-existing central nervous system (CNS) disease, neurological conditions, skin disorders, chronic respiratory diseases, or impaired liver or kidney function should avoid exposure.

Signs and Symptoms

Stinging in eyes. Repeated or prolonged skin contact can cause redness, irritation, and scaling of the skin (dermatitis). Breathing of high vapor concentrations may cause headaches, stupor, irritation of throat and eyes, and kidney effects.

Section 3 • Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CASRN	Percent by Weight
Paraffinic hydrocarbon	64771-72-8	80 - 100
d-limonene	5989-27-5	5 - 10
Carbon dioxide (aerosol only)	124-38-9	1 - 5



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Section 4 • First Aid Measures

- **Eyes:** Check for and remove contact lenses. If irritation or redness develops, flush eyes with cool, clean, low pressure water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to ensure complete irrigation of the eye and eyelid tissue. Do not use eye ointment. Seek medical attention immediately.
- **Skin:** Remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Clean affected area thoroughly with mild soap and water. Do not use ointments. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.
- **Inhalation:** Immediately move victim to fresh air. If victim is not breathing, immediately begin rescue breathing. If heart has stopped, immediately begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). If breathing is difficult, seek medical attention immediately.
- **Ingestion:** Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting is about to occur, place victim's head below knees. If victim is drowsy or unconscious, place on the left side with head down. Do not leave victim unattended. Seek medical attention immediately.

Section 5 • Fire Fighting Measures

Products of Combustion: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. NFPA Class: IIIA Liquid

Firefighting media: SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosions.

Sensitivity to Impact: None. Sensitivity to Static Discharge: None.

Protection Clothing (Fire): Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure selfcontained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies. Evacuate area and fight the fire from a maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards: High heat will cause product to boil, evolving vapor that could cause explosive rupture of closed containers. Aerosols may explode upon heating, spread fire and overcome sprinkler systems.

Section 6 • Accidental Release Measures

Containment Procedures	Contain and recover spilled	l liquid when possible.
Clean-Up Procedures	Small Spill and Leak:	Absorb with an inert material and dispose of properly.
	Large Spill and Leak:	Secure the area and control access. Dike far ahead of a liquid spill to ensure complete collection. Pick up free liquid for disposal using absorbent pads, sand, or other inert non- combustible absorbent materials. Place into appropriate waste containers for later disposal.
Evacuation Procedures	Ventilate area of leak or sp	ill. Keep unnecessary and unprotected people away.
Special Procedures	Remove all sources of ignit cleanup.	tion. Ventilate area. Wear appropriate protective equipment during



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Section 7 • Handling and Storage

Handling: DO NOT spray into or around ignition sources. Do not allow material to come into contact with eyes or skin. Wear appropriate protective equipment during handling. Keep container closed. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage: Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Avoid all sources of ignition (spark or flame). Store below 120°F.

Precautions to be taken in handling and storage: *Store aerosols as Level 3 Aerosol (NFPA 30B).* Store all materials in dry, well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapors.

Section 8 • Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Guidelines:

Component	CASRN	OSHA TWA-PEL	OSHA STEL	ACGIH-TLV	ACGIH-STEL	NIOSH REL
Paraffinic hydrocarbon	64771-72-8	180 ppm*	Not Established	100 ppm	Not Established	Not Established
d-limonene	5989-27-5	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Carbon Dioxide (aerosol only)	124-38-9	5000 ppm	30000 ppm	5000 ppm	30000 ppm	5000 ppm TWA 30000 ppm STEL

* Supplier Recommendation

Engineering measures Provide general and/or local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the exposure guidelines listed above.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection	Safety glasses with side shields conforming to appropriate regulations. Eye wash fountain and
	emergency shower facilities are recommended.

Hand protection Normally no hand protection is required; however, if product will be sprayed for an extended period, "overspray" onto skin may occur. If so, use chemical resistant gloves (i.e., nitrile) conforming to appropriate regulations. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time that are provided by the supplier of the gloves.

Respiratory protection Typical use of this product under normal conditions does not require the use of respiratory protection. If airborne concentrations are above the applicable exposure limits (listed above), use NIOSH approved respiratory protection (i.e., organic vapor cartridge).



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Section 9 • Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Liquid.	Color:	Colorless / water-white
Odor/Taste:	Orange	Vapor Pressure:	<5 mmHg at 20°C
Solubility Description:	Not soluble in water.	Rule 1171 PPc:	<5 mmHg at 20°C
Boiling Point:	193°C (379 °F) @ 760mmHg	Evaporation Rate:	3.2 (BuAc=1)
Specific Gravity (Water=1):	0.74-0.78 @ 20 °C	Flash Point:	62°C (144°F)
Vapor Density (air=1):	>1	Flash Point Method:	Tag-Closed Cup.
V.O.C. Content:	100%, 760 g/L, 6.34 #/gal. Per C.A.R.B / O.T.C. and S.C.A.Q.M.D. Rule 102	Auto Ignition Temperature (°C):	Not Established
Flammable limits (estimated):	LOWER: 1.3% UPPER: 8.9%	Partition Coefficient (octanol/water):	<1
Viscosity:	<3 cSt @ 25°C	Volatiles:	100%
pH:	Not applicable	Auto Ignition Temperature (°C):	Not Established

Section 10 • Stability and Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.
Hazardous Decomposition:	These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2)
Incompatibility:	Reactive or incompatible with oxidizing agents.
Conditions to Avoid:	Keep away from heat and ignition sources.
Chemical Stability:	Product is stable under recommended storage conditions.

Section 11 • Toxicological Information

A: General Product Information

An acute toxicity study of this product has not been conducted. Information given in this section relates only to individual constituents contained in this preparation.



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B: Component Analysis

Component	CASRN	LC-50	LD-50
Paraffinic hydrocarbon	64771-72-8	Not established	> 5000 mg/kg (oral, rat)
d-limonene	5989-27-5	Not established	>5000 mg/kg (oral, rabbit) >5000 mg/kg (dermal, rabbit)
Carbon Dioxide (aerosol only)	124-38-9	Not established	Not established

Section 12 • Ecological Information

Mobility:	Highly volatile. Not expected to partition to sediment.	Persistence and degradability:	Readily biodegradable
Bioaccumulative potential:	No bioaccumulation potential	Other adverse effects:	None known.

Ecotoxicology:

Effect on Organisms	Component	CASRN	Test	Species	Results	
Acute Toxicity on	d-limonene	5989-27-5 4-day LC ₅₀		Oncorhynchus mykiss	35,000 µg/L	
Fishes	d-limonene	5989-27-5	96-hour EC ₅₀	Pimephales promelas	1,490,000 µg/L	
Acute Toxicity on Daphnia						
Bacterial inhibition						
Growth inhibition of algae	No Data Available					
Bioaccumulation in fish						

Section 13 • Disposal Considerations

Waste Status: In its purchased form, non-aerosol material does not meet the definition of a RCRA hazardous waste. Aerosol products, if depressurized and emptied to less than 2.5 cm of fluid contents are classified as non-hazardous waste under 40 CFR 261.7 (U.S.). However, if disposed of in its received form, an aerosol carries waste code D003. (U.S.)
Disposal: Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state, provincial, and local environmental control regulations.
Note: Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information inaccurate, incomplete, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive than federal laws and regulations.



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Section 14 • Transport Information

Aerosols Only

	Shipping Name:	ORM-D	UN Number:	NA
D.O.T. Ground	Hazard Class:	NA	Technical Name:	NA
	Subclass:	NA	Hazard Label:	ORM-D Already on box
	UN no:	1950	ADR Class:	2
Road/Rail -	Packing group:	NA	Classification code:	5F
ADR/RID :	Name and Description:	AEROSOLS, Flammable	Hazard ID no:	NA
	Labeling:	2.1		
	UN no:	1950	Class:	2.1
	Shipping Name:	AEROSOLS	Subsidiary Risk:	2.1
IMDG-IMO	Packing Instructions:	P003, LP02	Packing group:	NA
	Marine pollutant:	NO	EmS:	F-D, S-U
	UN no:	1950	Class:	2.1
	Shipping Name:	AEROSOLS, Flammable	Subclass	NA
IATA-ICAO:	Packing instructions:	NA	Packing group:	NA
	Labeling:	Flammable Gas		

Non-aerosol and bulk versions of this product are not regulated by any mode of transportation.

Section 15 • Regulatory information

U.S. Federal Regulations

RCRA Hazardous Waste No.: D003 (aerosols only)

Comprehensive Environmental Response and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA): None

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): All components of this product are TSCA inventory listed and/or are exempt.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370) Hazard Categories:

Sudden Release of Pressure (aerosols only), Fire Hazard, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements of SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372):No individual section 313 component is present at or above 1%

Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): None



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State Regulations

New Jersey RTK:

Aerosol: Paraffinic Hydrocarbon 64771-72-8 • d-limonene 5989-27-5 • Carbon Dioxide 124-38-9 **Bulk:** Paraffinic Hydrocarbon 64771-72-8 • d-limonene 5989-27-5

California: This product does <u>not</u> contain chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or reproductive harm.

California and OTC States: This product conforms to consumer regulations.

International Regulations

Canadian Environmental Protection Act: All of the components of this product are included on the Canadian Domestic Substances list (DSL).

Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS):

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

WHMIS Classification: Aerosol Class A, Class B5, Class D2B



Other Regulations

Montreal Protocol listed ingredients: Stockholm Convention listed ingredients: Rotterdam Convention listed ingredients: RoHS Compliant: WHMIS Classification: Bulk Class B3, Class D2B



None. None. None. Yes.

Section 16 • Other Information

	HMIS 19	96	HMIS III		NFPA
MSDS# 162420 Responsible Name:	Health:	1	Health:	[/]1	Flammability
Clea Johnson	Flammability:	2	Flammability: aerosol	4	
Regulatory Affairs Coordinator		2	Flammability: bulk	2	2
	Reactivity		Physical Hazard: aerosol	2	Health 1 0 Reactivity
	Reactivity 0 -		Physical Hazard: bulk	0	

Notice to Reader:

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Clea Johnson, Regulatory Affairs Coordinator LPS Laboratories, A division of Illinois Tool Works